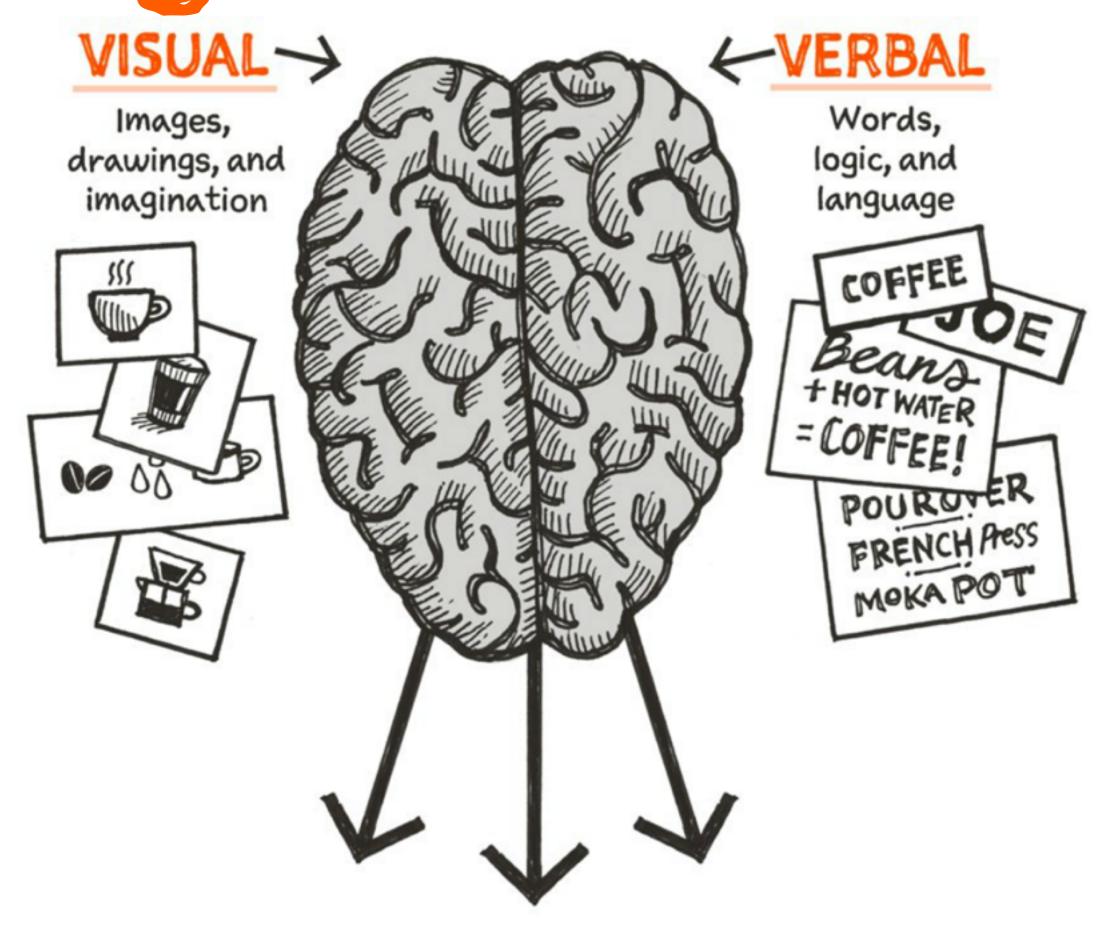


Why Sketchnote?



When your WHOLE BRAIN is engaged,

you create VISUAL MAPS of what YOU HEAR, SEE, AND THINK.

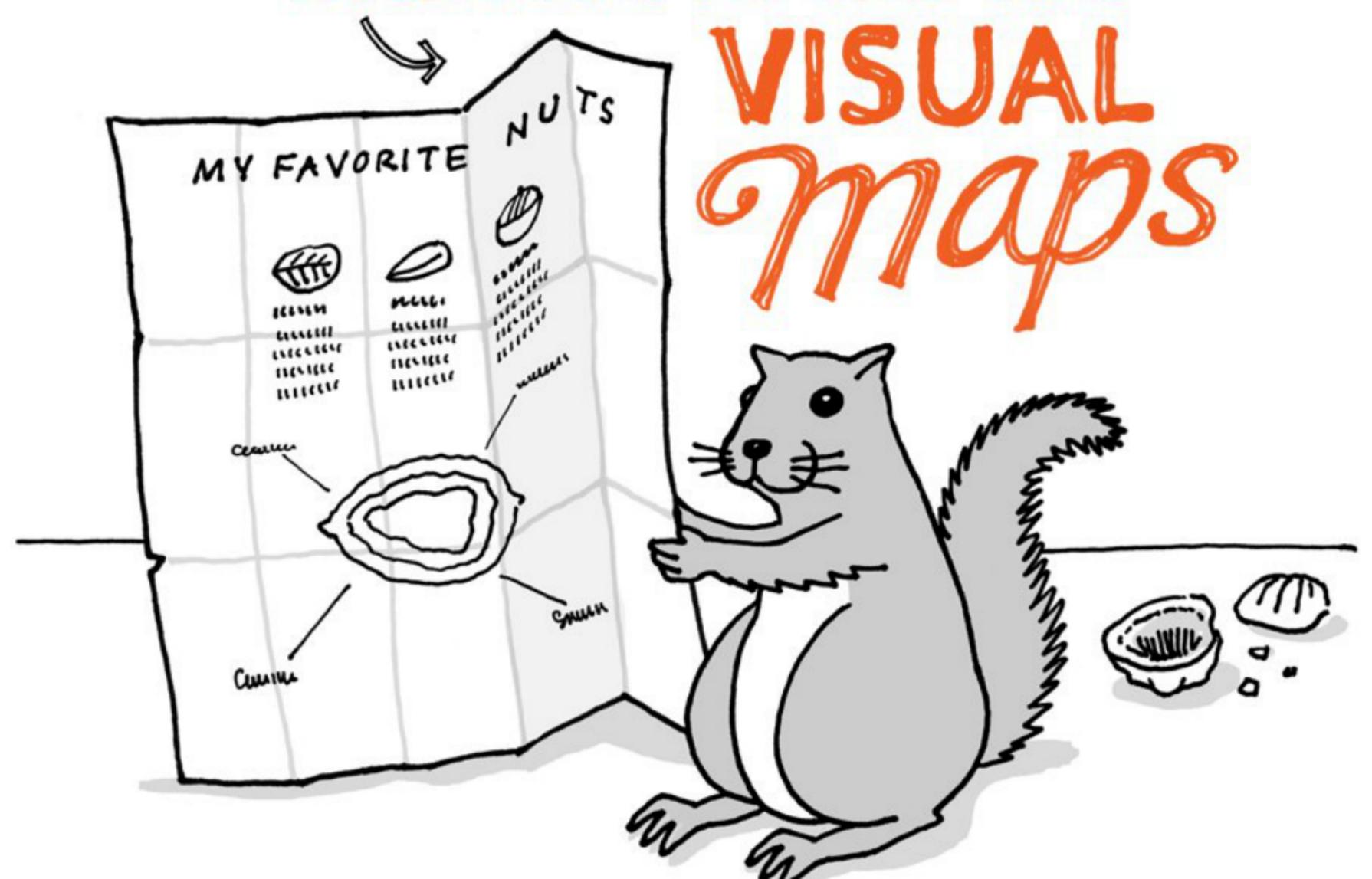
What are sketchnotes?

handwriting

shapes

Involve all departments

SKETCHNOTES are

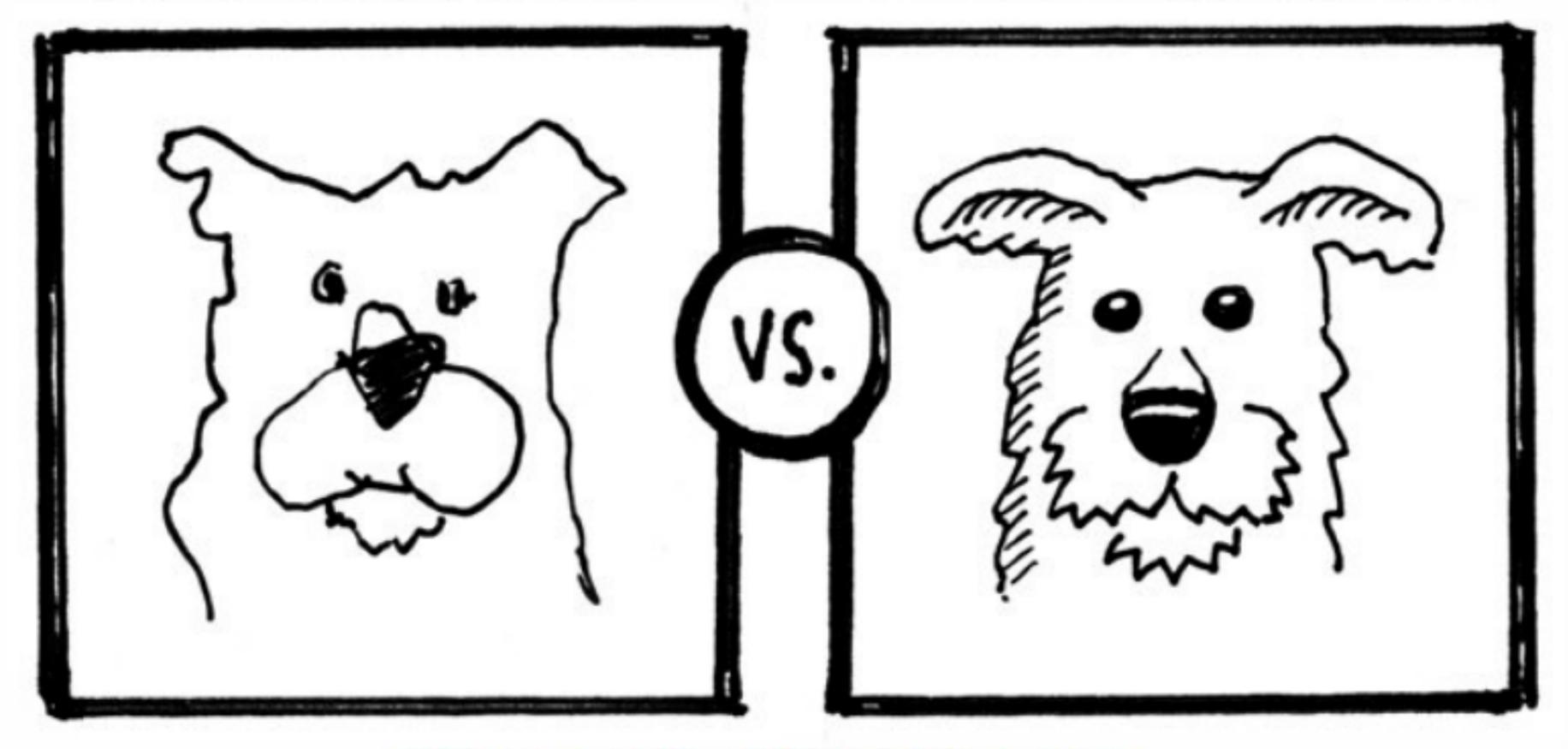


IDEAS, NOT ART!

Sketchnotes are about capturing and sharing ideas, not about art.

SKETCHNOTES
ARE A WAY TO
THINK ON PAPER
USING IMAGES & WORDS.

BAD DRAWING GOOD DRAWING

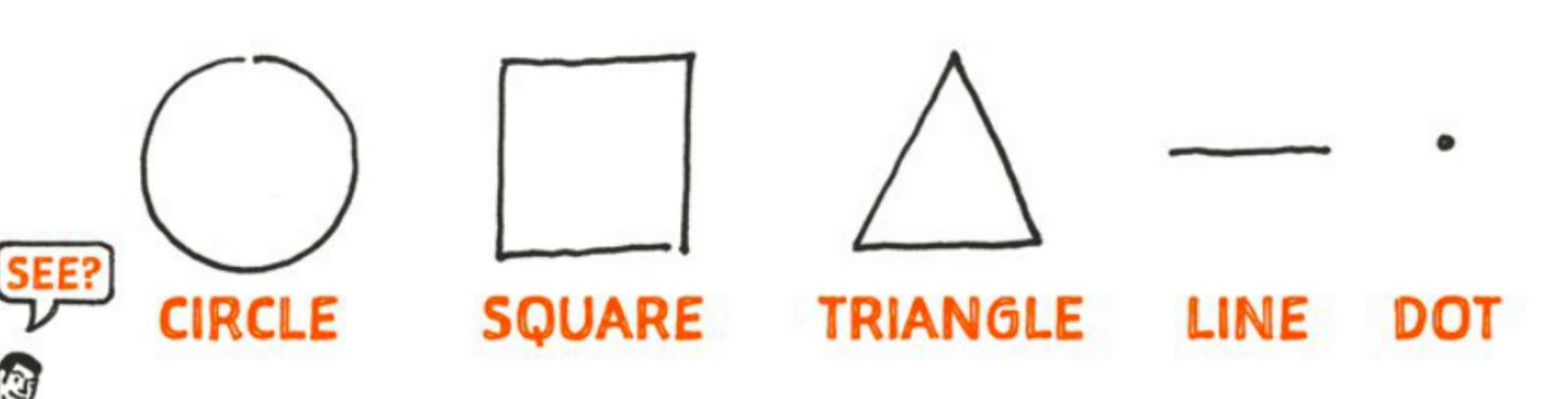


Either way it's still a dog.

Materials needed for sketch noting

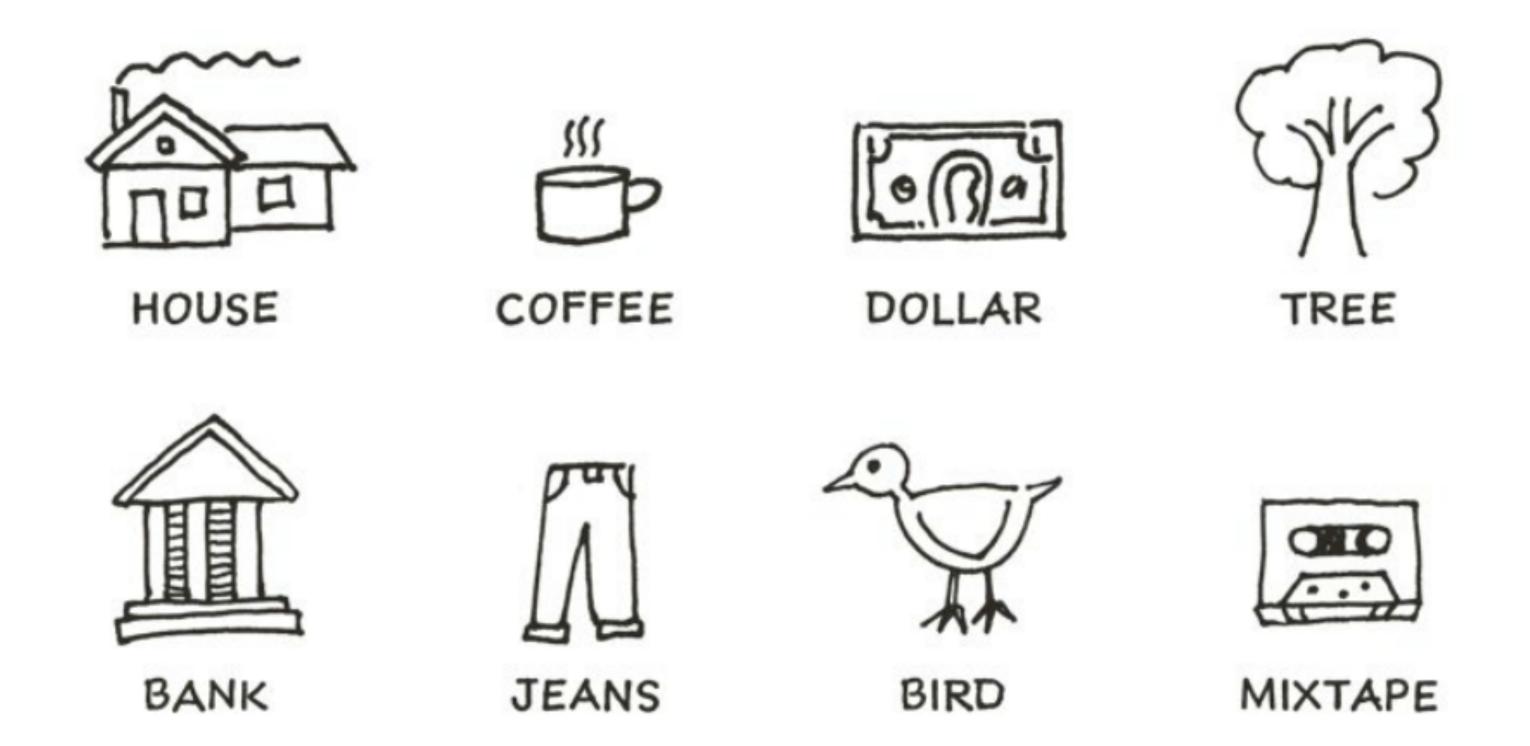


the 5 Elements of Drawing



EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO DRAW CAN BE CREATED WITH THESE 5 ELEMENTS.

Can you identify the 5 basic elements in these simple drawings?



ONCE YOU SEE THESE 5 ELEMENTS making up the objects around you, it becomes much easier to draw all sorts of objects...like...

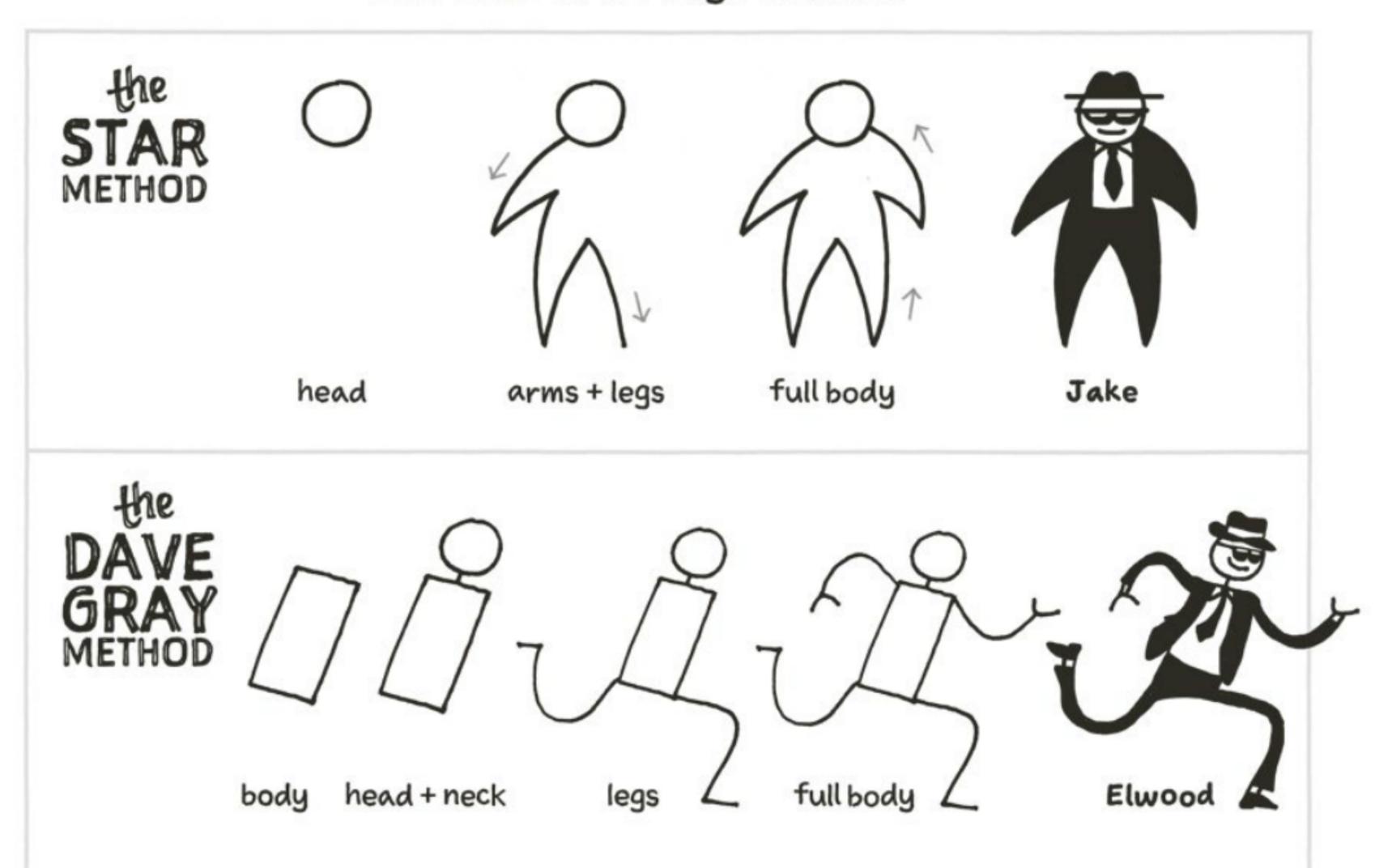


DRAWING PEOPLE

Drawing people is a helpful skill you can use in your sketchnotes.

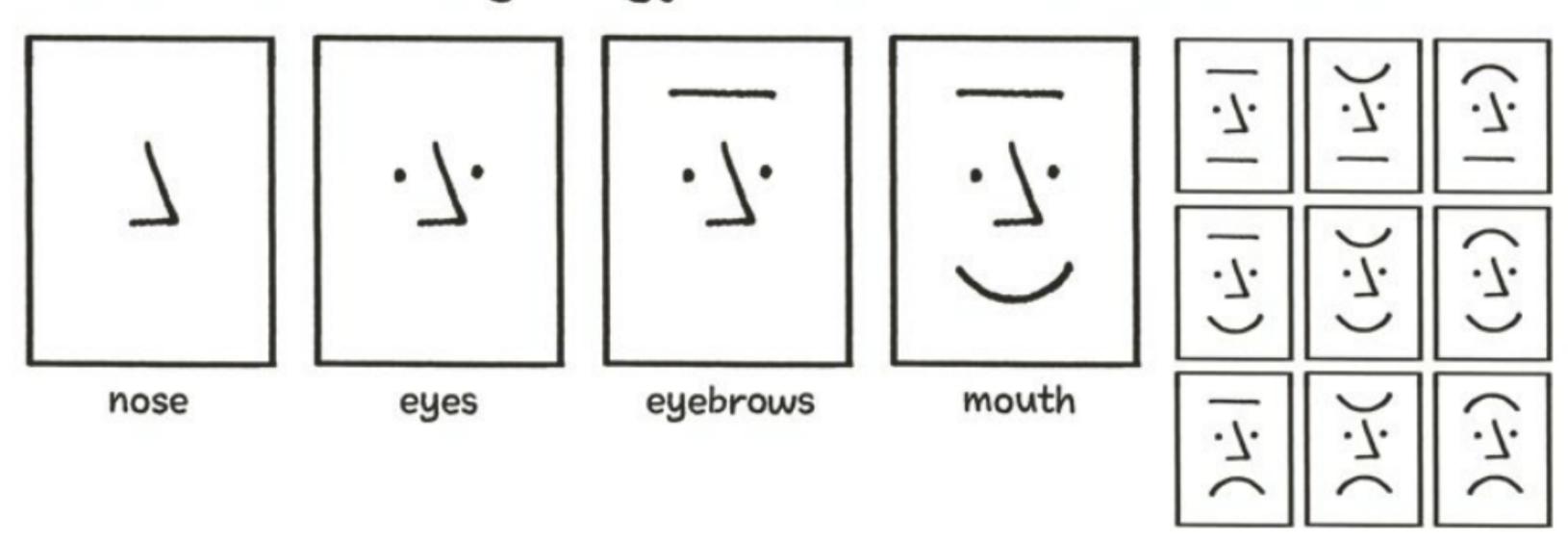
Here are two ways to draw people — the Star Method

and the Dave Gray Method:



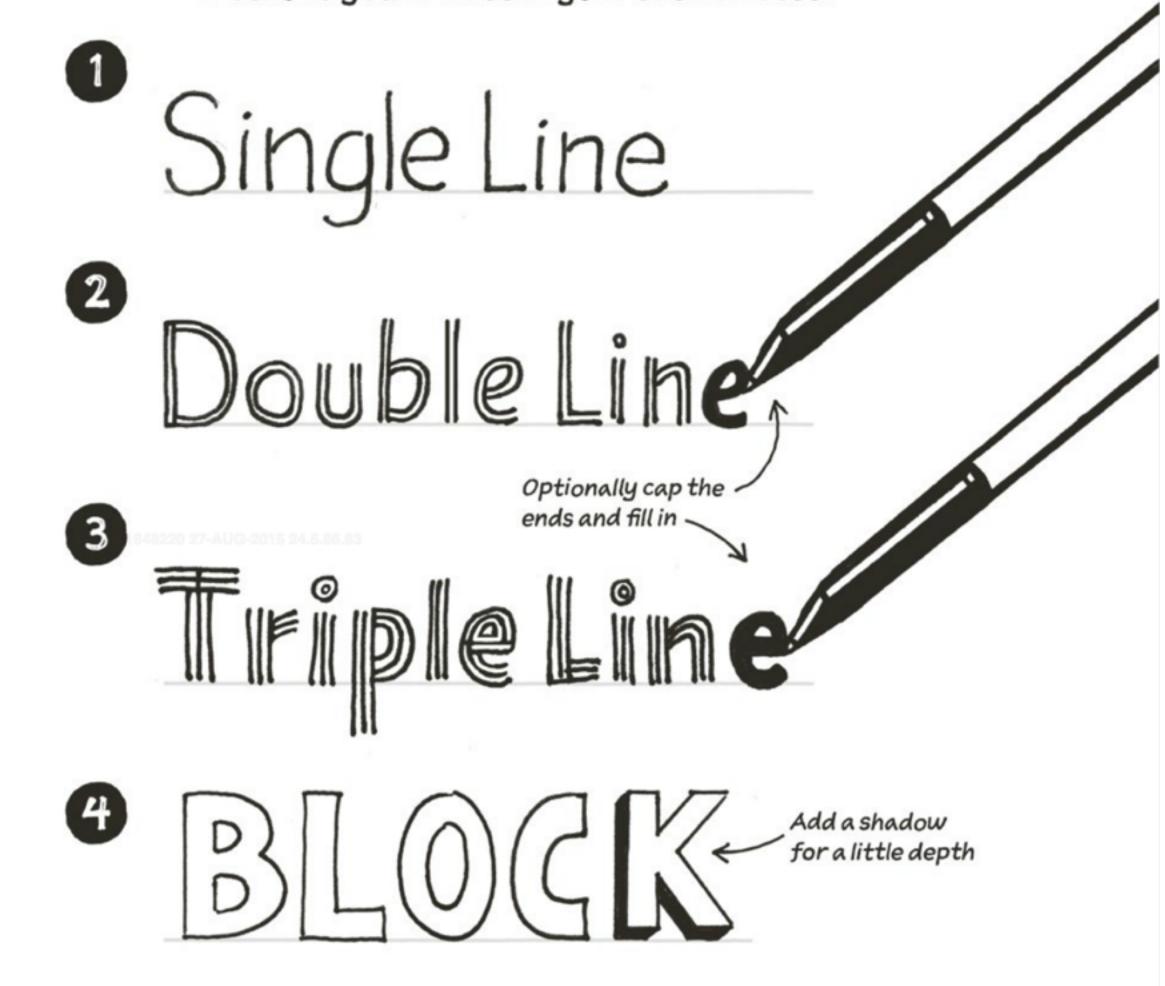
DRAWING FACES

With just a few basic lines you can create a wide array of facial expressions. My friend Austin Kleon has a simple way of creating 9 different faces by using just 3 different lines within a matrix:



DRAWING TYPE

Hand-drawn type is a great way to make your sketchnotes more interesting and to define hierarchy. There are four easy methods you can use in your sketchnotes:

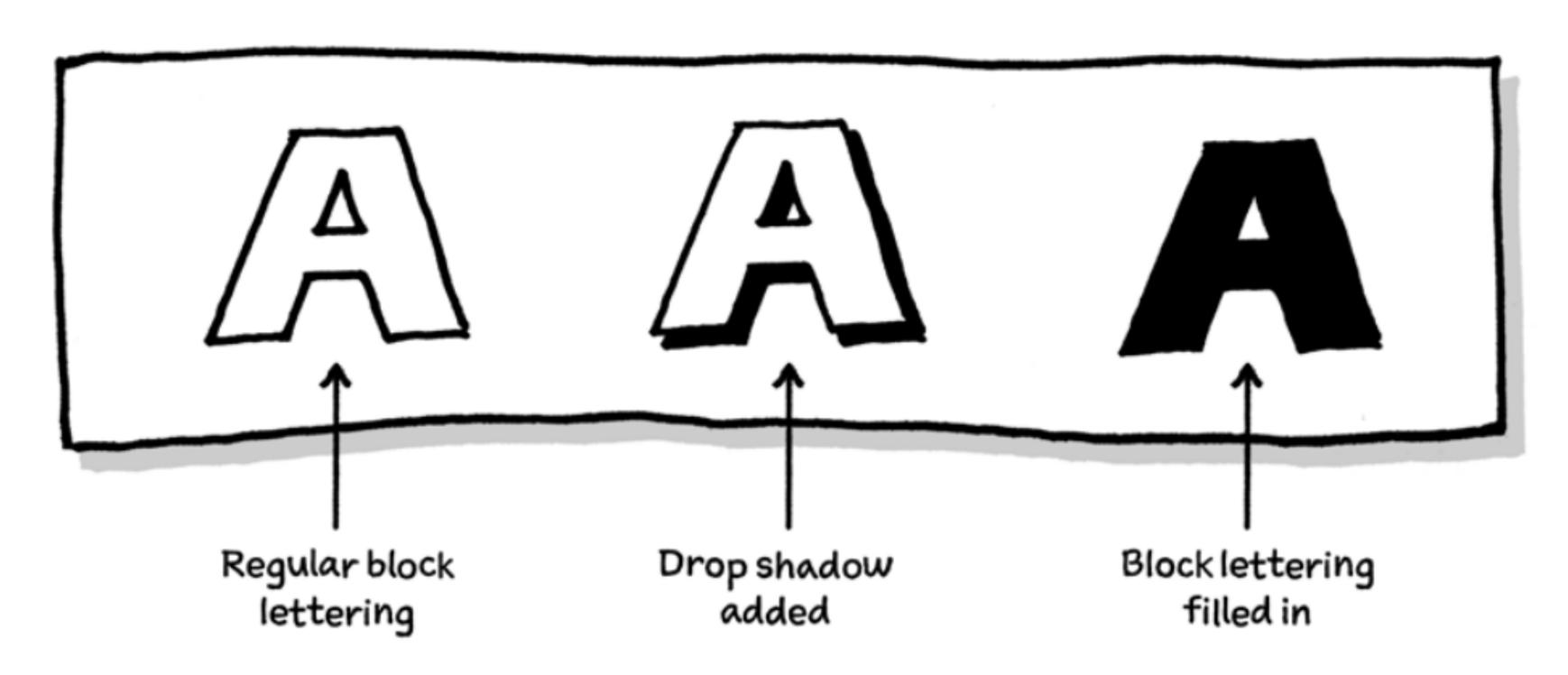


THE KEY TO MASTERY:

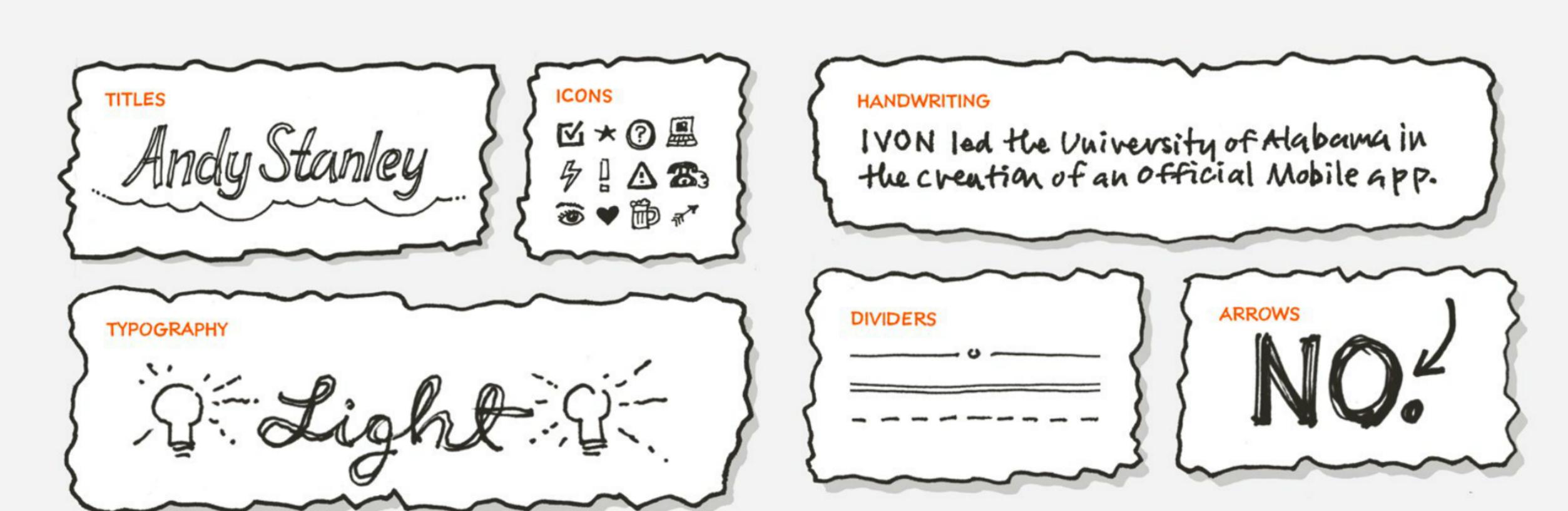
LOTS-O-PRACTICE!

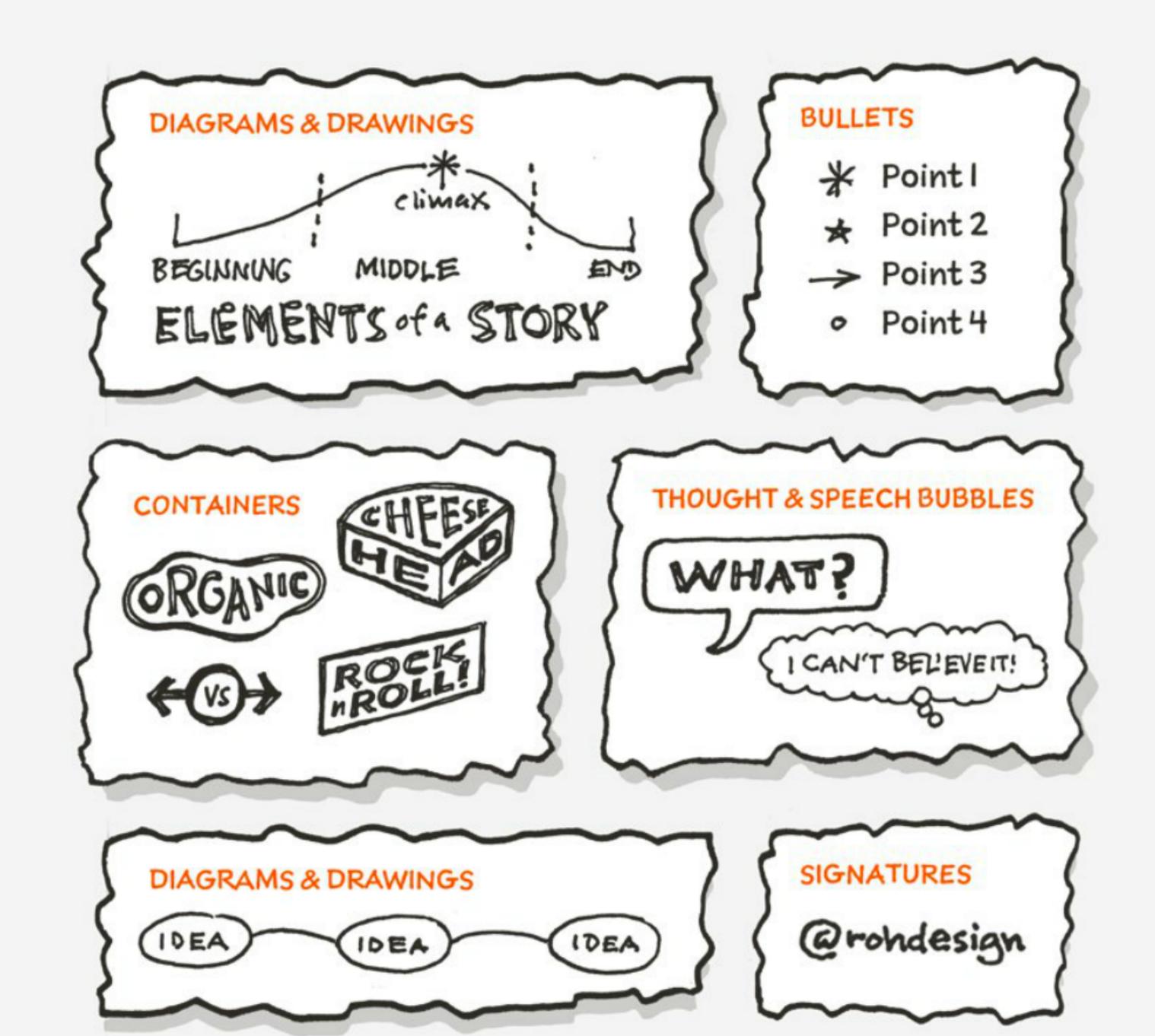
BLOCK LETTERING

The block lettering approach requires a little more practice, skill, and time. When used properly, block lettering is a nice way to create a strong impression. Block lettering works well on title pages or when you want to emphasize a key point.



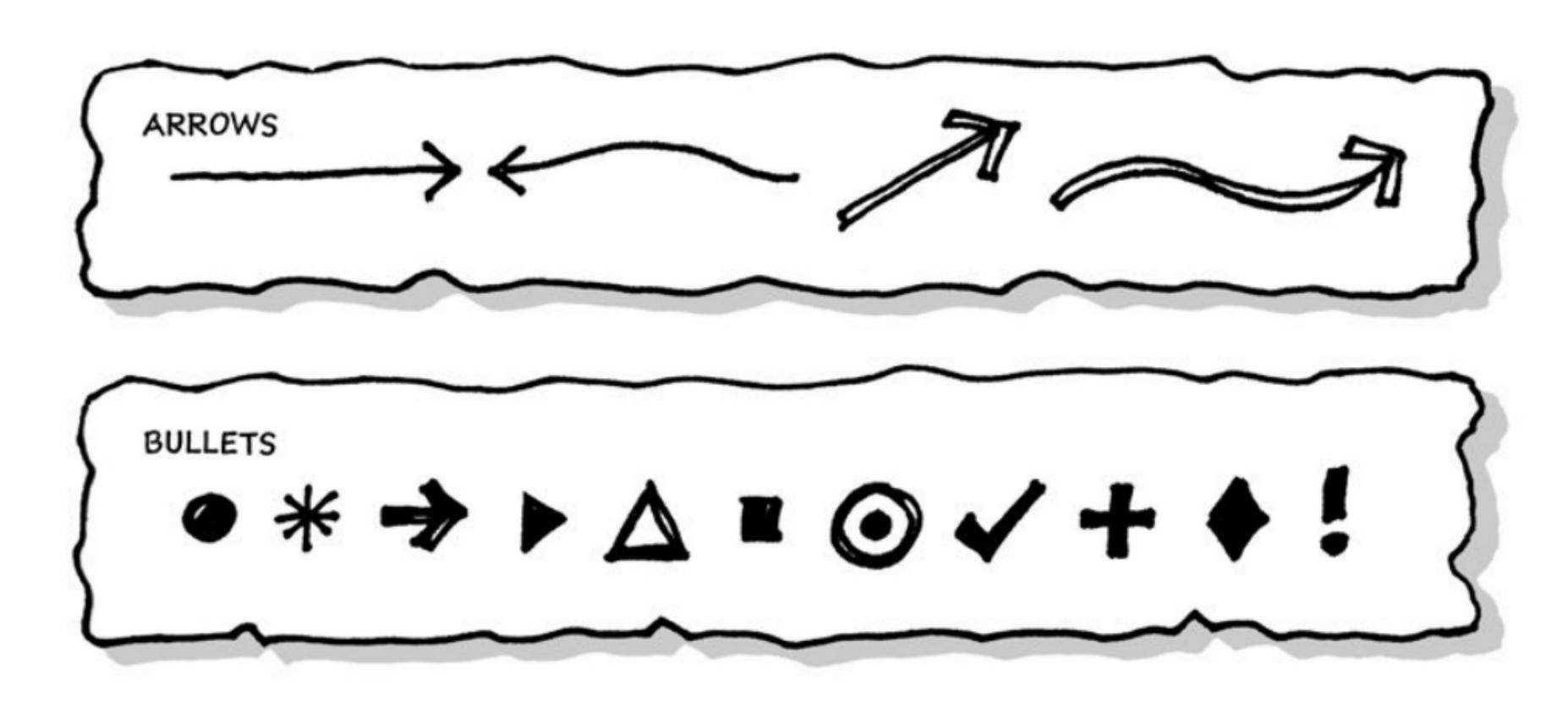
Elements of sketchnoting

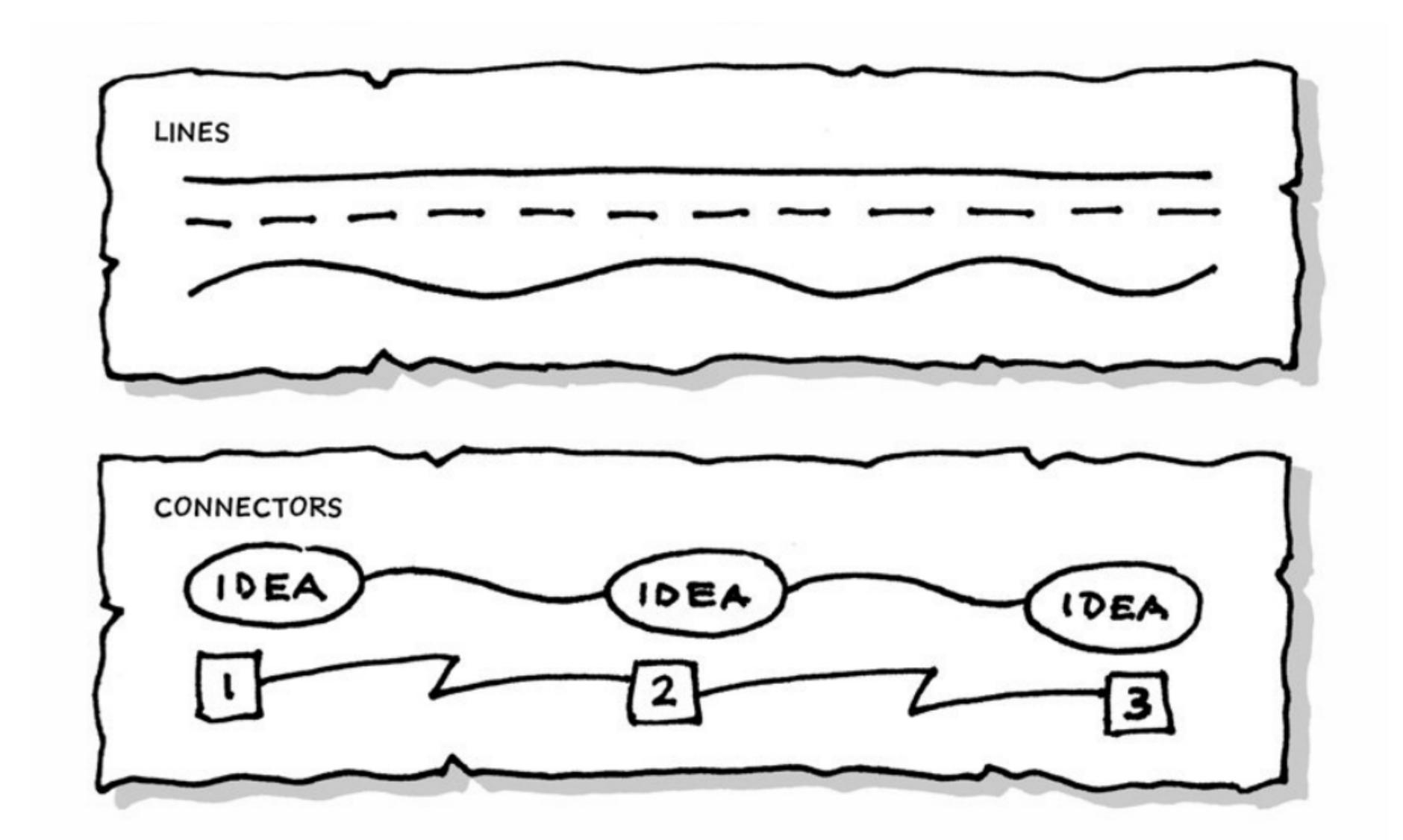


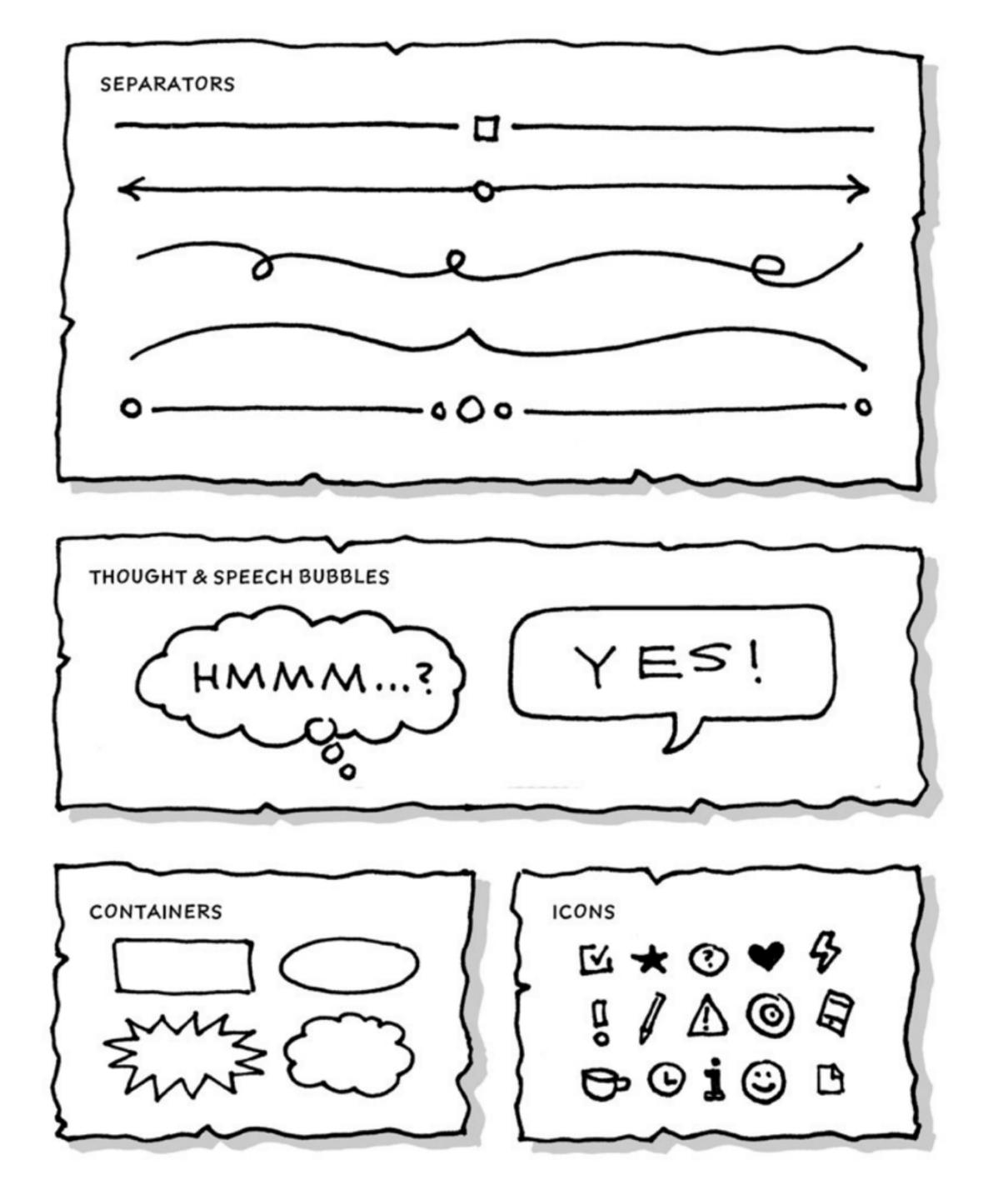


DRAWING VISUAL ELEMENTS

Visual elements add interest to your sketchnotes and can be a variety of shapes and sizes. Here are a few you may find useful to learn as part of your practice routines:







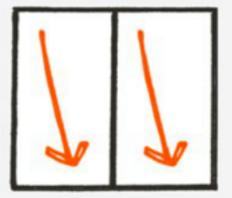
* CONTAINERS

Containers connect various elements together in a single grouping to represent an overall idea or topic.

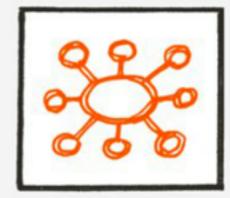


TYPES of SKETCHNOTES

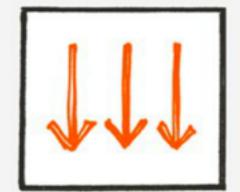
The foundation of a good sketchnote isn't about art—
it's about good structure. Here are the seven most common sketchnoting patterns I've found:



LINEAR
Like a book,
left to right,
top to bottom.



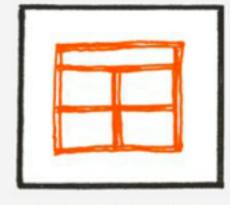
RADIAL
A central hub
with many spokes
of information.



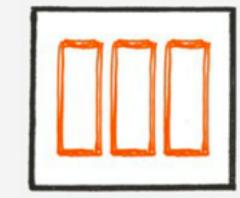
VERTICAL
Information
runs from top
to bottom.



PATH
Information
winding across
the page.

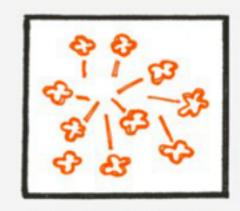


MODULAR
Information
broken up into
sections.



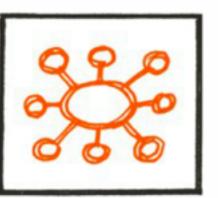
SKYSCRAPER
Information
aligned in
columns.





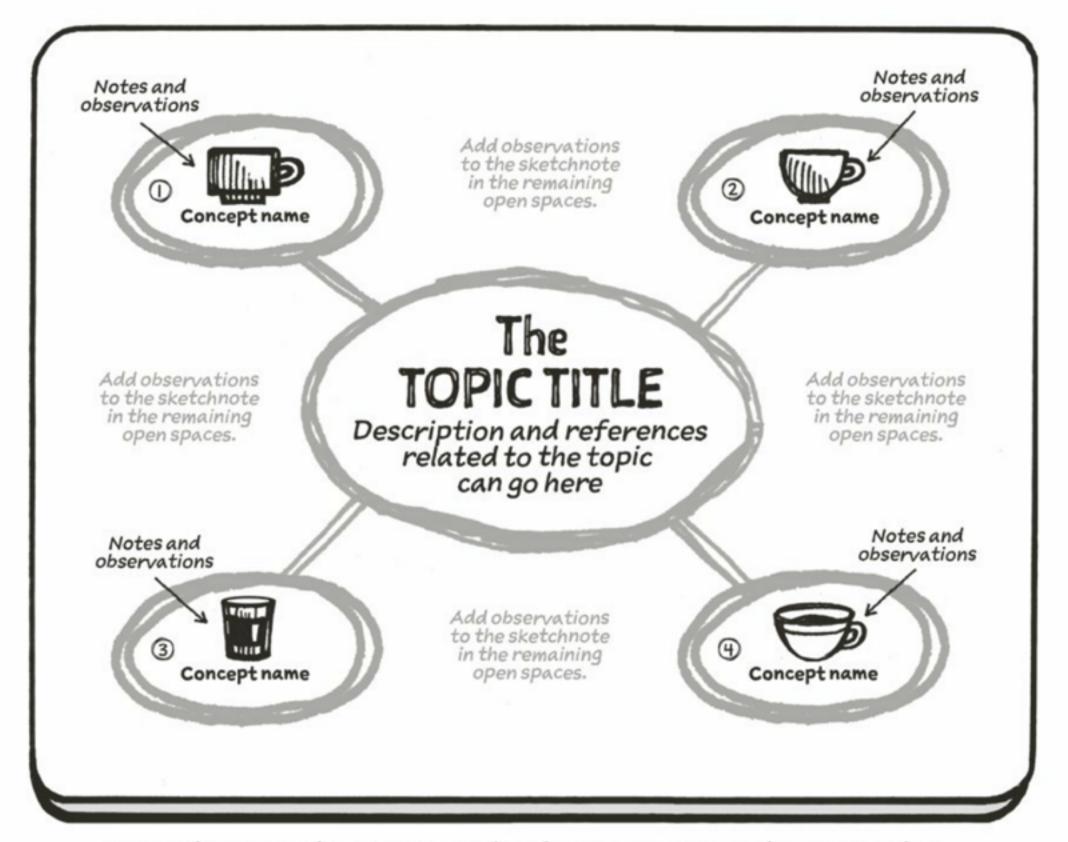
POPCORN Information placed randomly.





RADIAL FORMAT

The radial format works well with a single, central idea with information surrounding the hub. You can explore concepts in the space around the central hub.

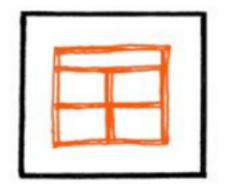


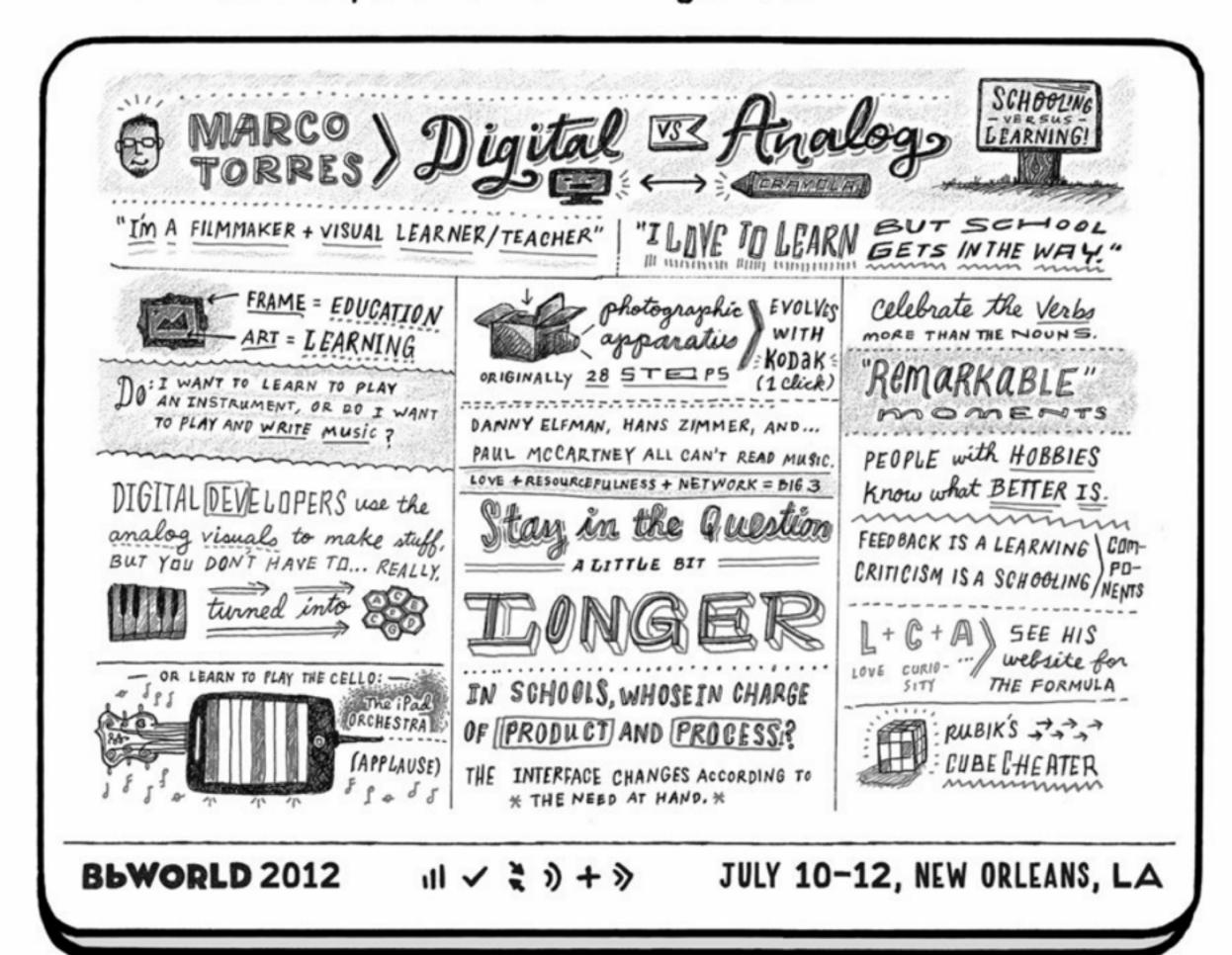
Place the main idea, topic, and reference notes in the central hub. Add notes, drawings, and icons in spaces around the central hub.

Working from the center outward frees you to capture and explore ideas in any order you like.

MODULAR

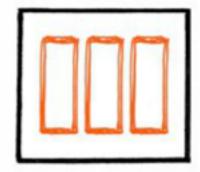
The modular pattern divides a single page or spread of pages into distinct regions or modules. Each module holds separate bits of information or different speakers within a larger event.





SKYSCRAPER

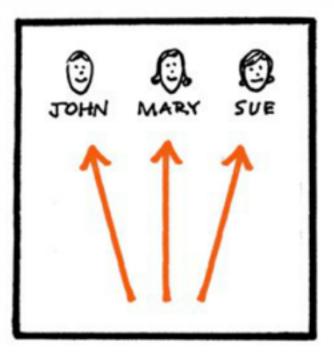
The skyscraper pattern is similar to the modular approach but divides the page into a series of tall, vertical panels, which contain separate bits of information.



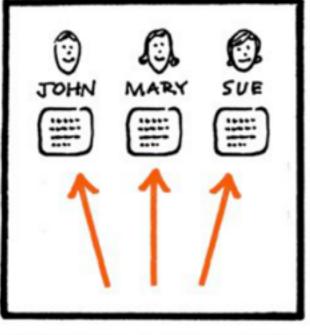
This pattern can work great for panel discussions where multiple people are speaking at different times.

TO CREATE A SKYSCRAPER SKETCHNOTE,

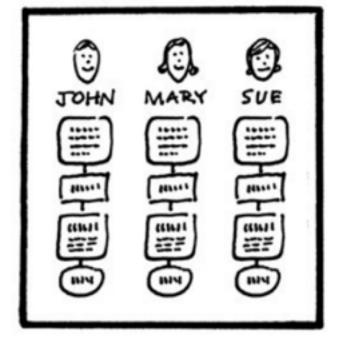
use a vertical column for each speaker and add the person's name or portrait. When the panel discussion begins, simply add each person's comments into the appropriate column.



I. Names & Faces



2. Capture comments



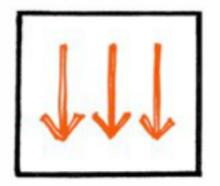
3. Fill out the page

MANAGING A SKYSCRAPER SKETCHNOTE

Remember to pace yourself with the limited space of a skyscraper sketchnote. Focus on the key phrases and words that are meaningful. Work on boiling down the idea you're hearing to its purest essence.

VERTICAL

Similar to a linear pattern, vertical sketchnotes present information in a single flow, from the top to the bottom of the page.





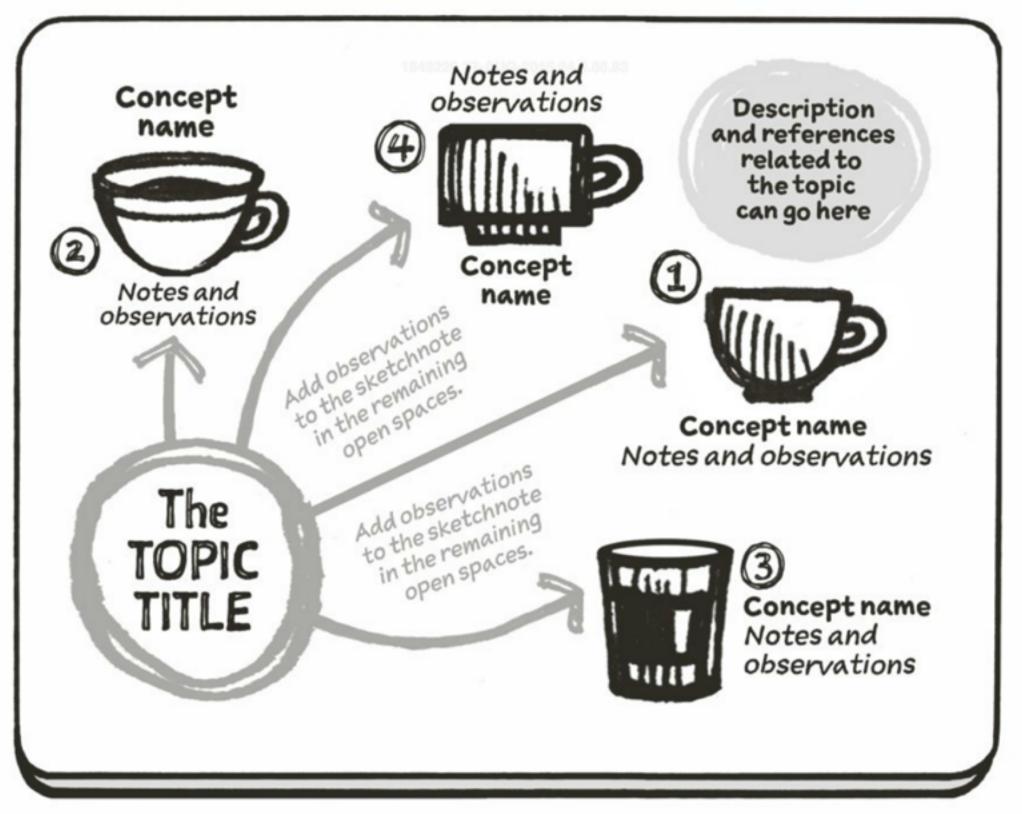
THIS PATTERN can be handy because it allows you to continue adding information vertically, as needed. The vertical pattern also provides a clear direction and structure for a reader to follow.

HOWEVER, LIKE THE
LINEAR PATTERN,
THE VERTICAL PATTERN
CAN LIMIT LAYOUT
OPTIONS AND CAN
BE ONLY AS LONG
AS THE VERTICAL
HEIGHT OF YOUR
PAPER OR DRAWING
APP'S CANVAS.



FREEFORM FORMAT

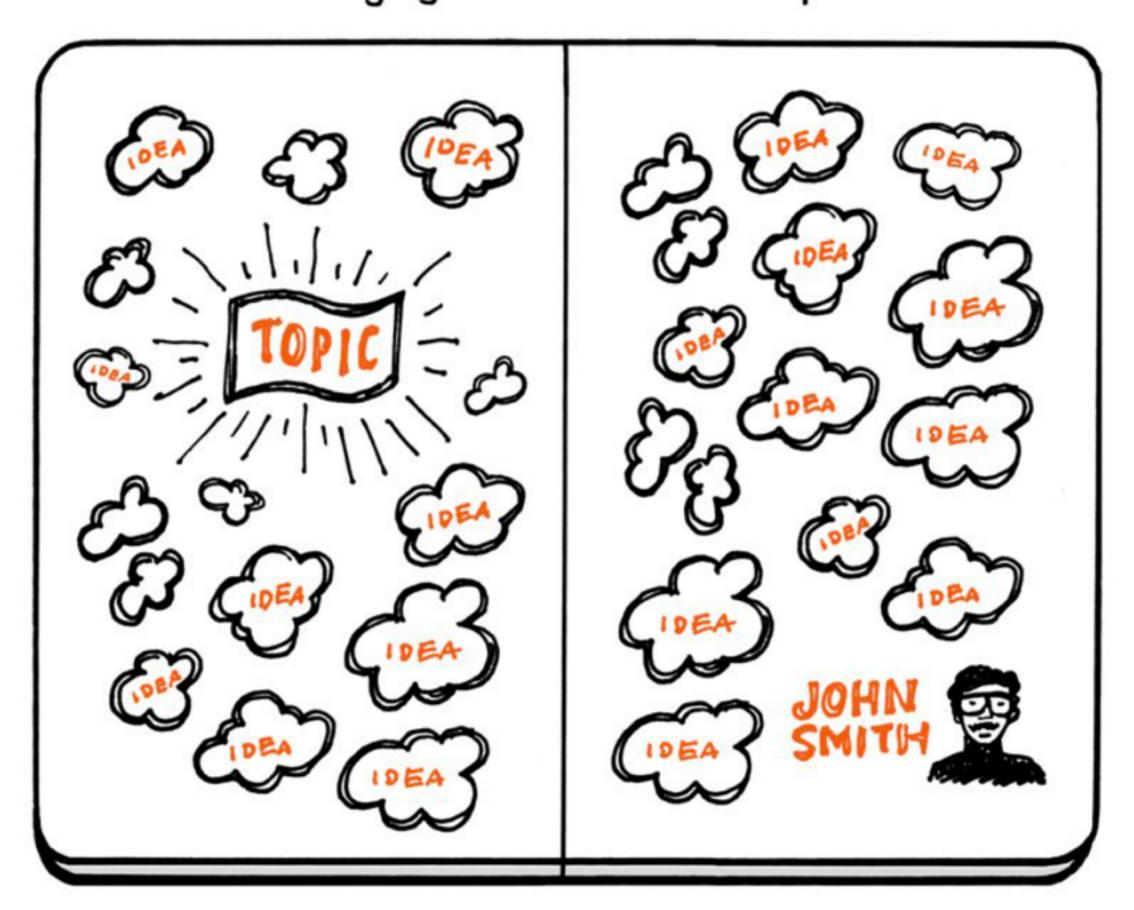
The freeform format offers more space for early-stage exploration where you need complete flexibility to play with ideas.



Position the main topic, reference notes, and your idea explorations in any pattern you'd like.

The freeform format allows you to place idea elements anywhere on the page for the ultimate in flexibility.

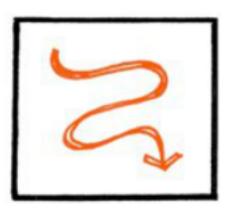
WITH THE POPCORN PATTERN, there is more emphasis on capturing information and less emphasis on placing it in a specific location. This approach can focus your mind on seizing ideas without worrying so much about their placement.

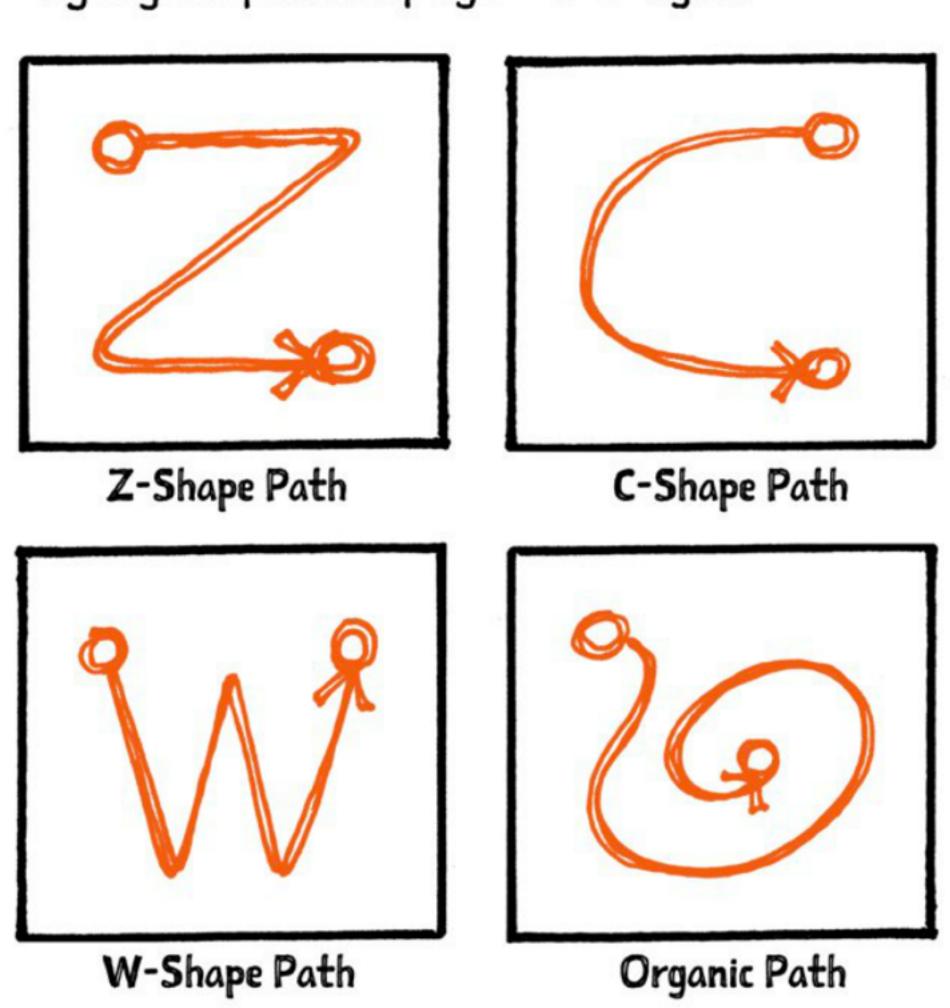


HOWEVER, THE RANDOM ARRANGEMENT OF THE FREE-FORM POPCORN PATTERN CAN MAKE YOUR SKETCHNOTE MORE DIFFICULT TO FOLLOW BECAUSE OF THE HAPHAZARD PLACEMENT OF INFORMATION.

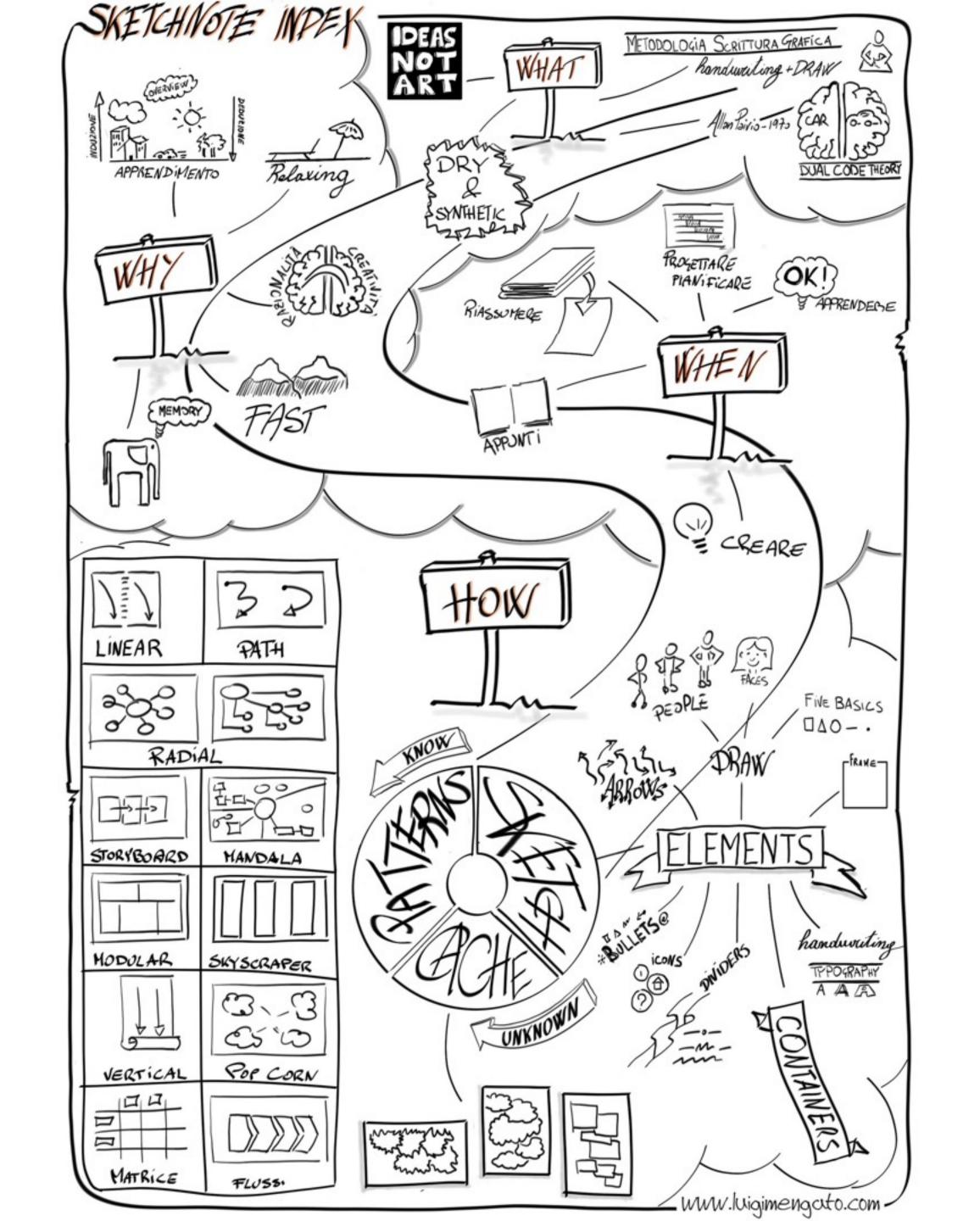
PATH

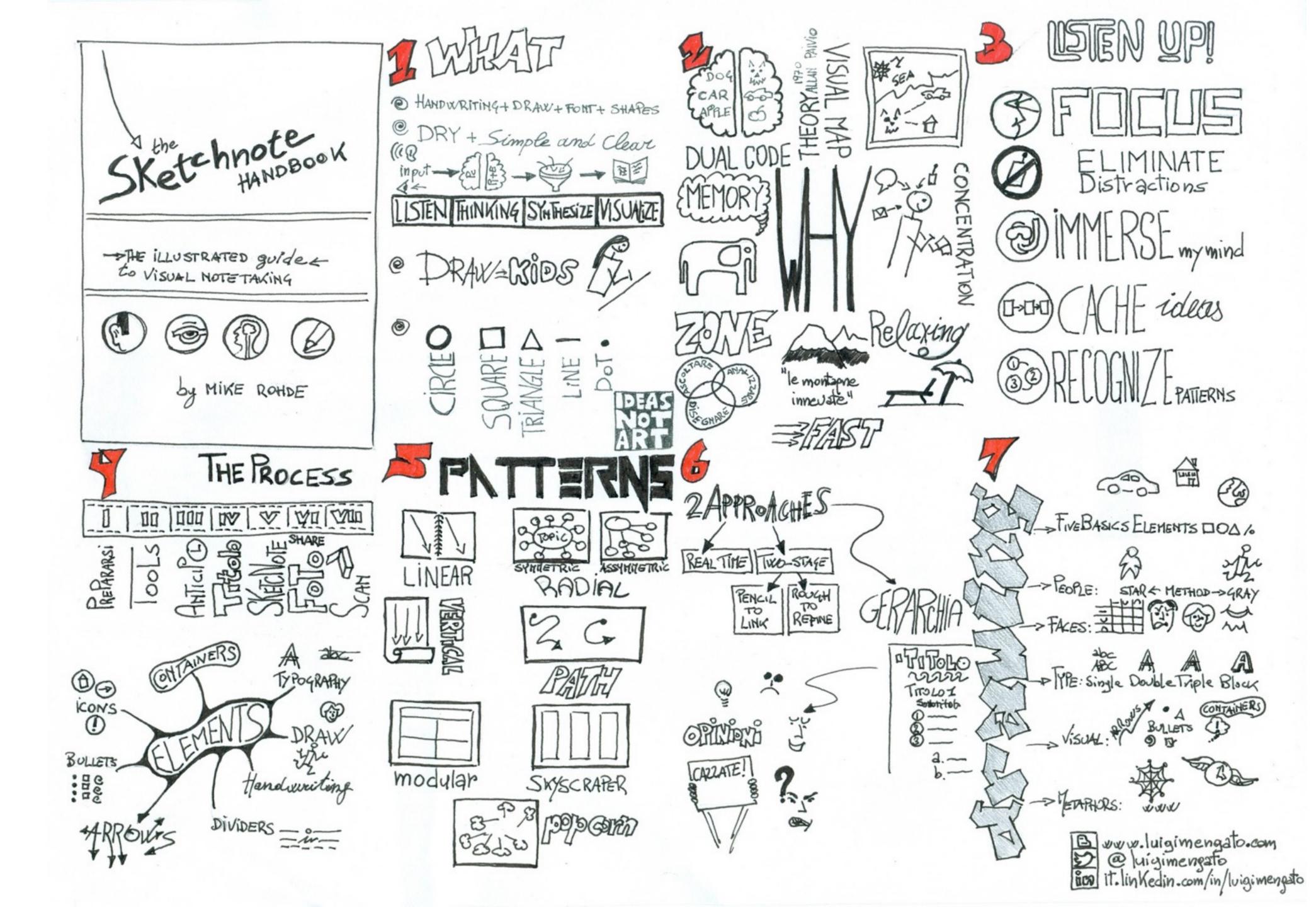
The path sketchnote pattern creates a path of information across the page vertically, horizontally, or diagonally. The path pattern can appear as a zigzag, c-shape, w-shape, or any organic path shape you can imagine.

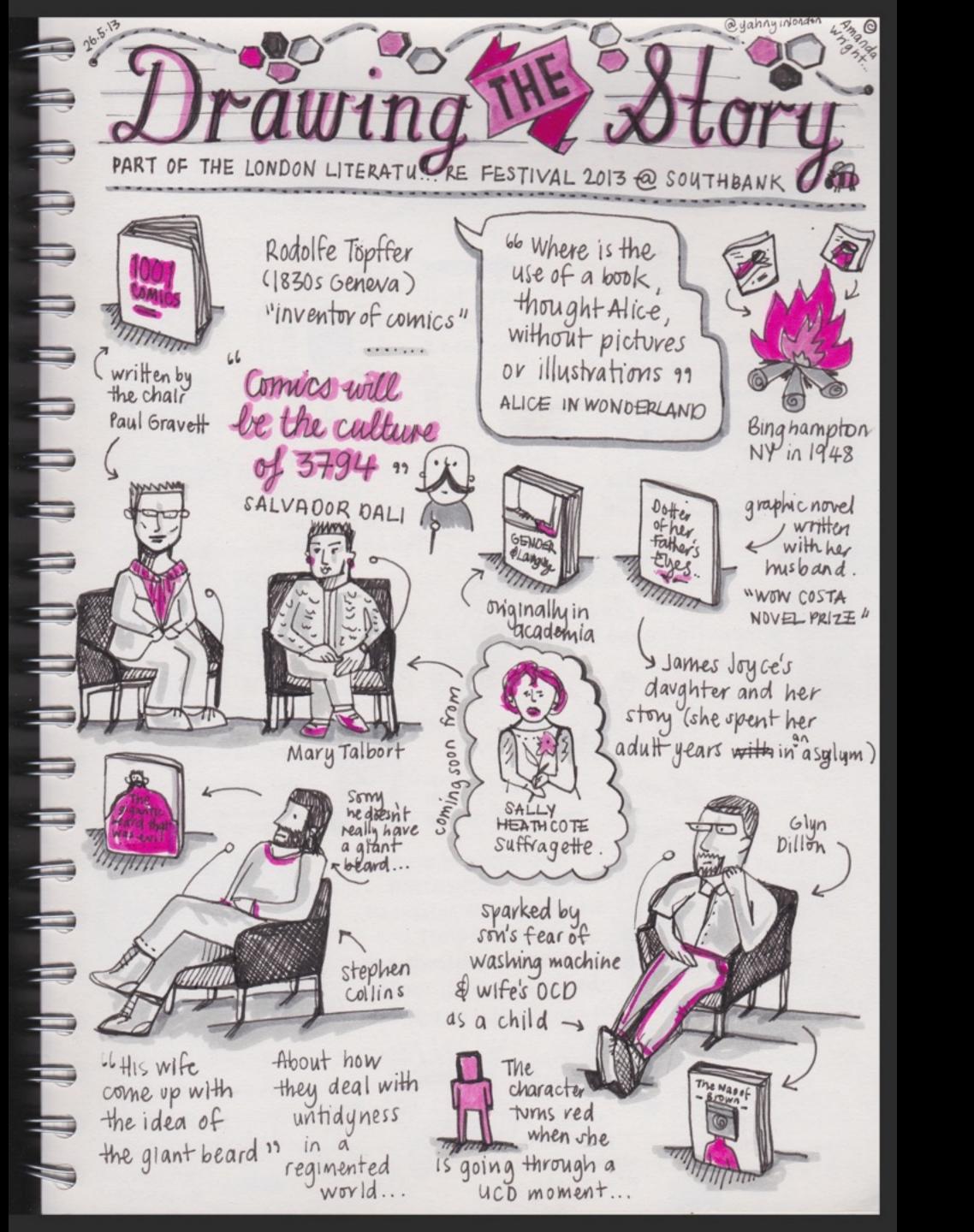




Examples









SAMANTHA WARREN
THE DOWN DEAUTY OF
TYPOGRAPHY

typeFaces is essentially nmm a carting director of



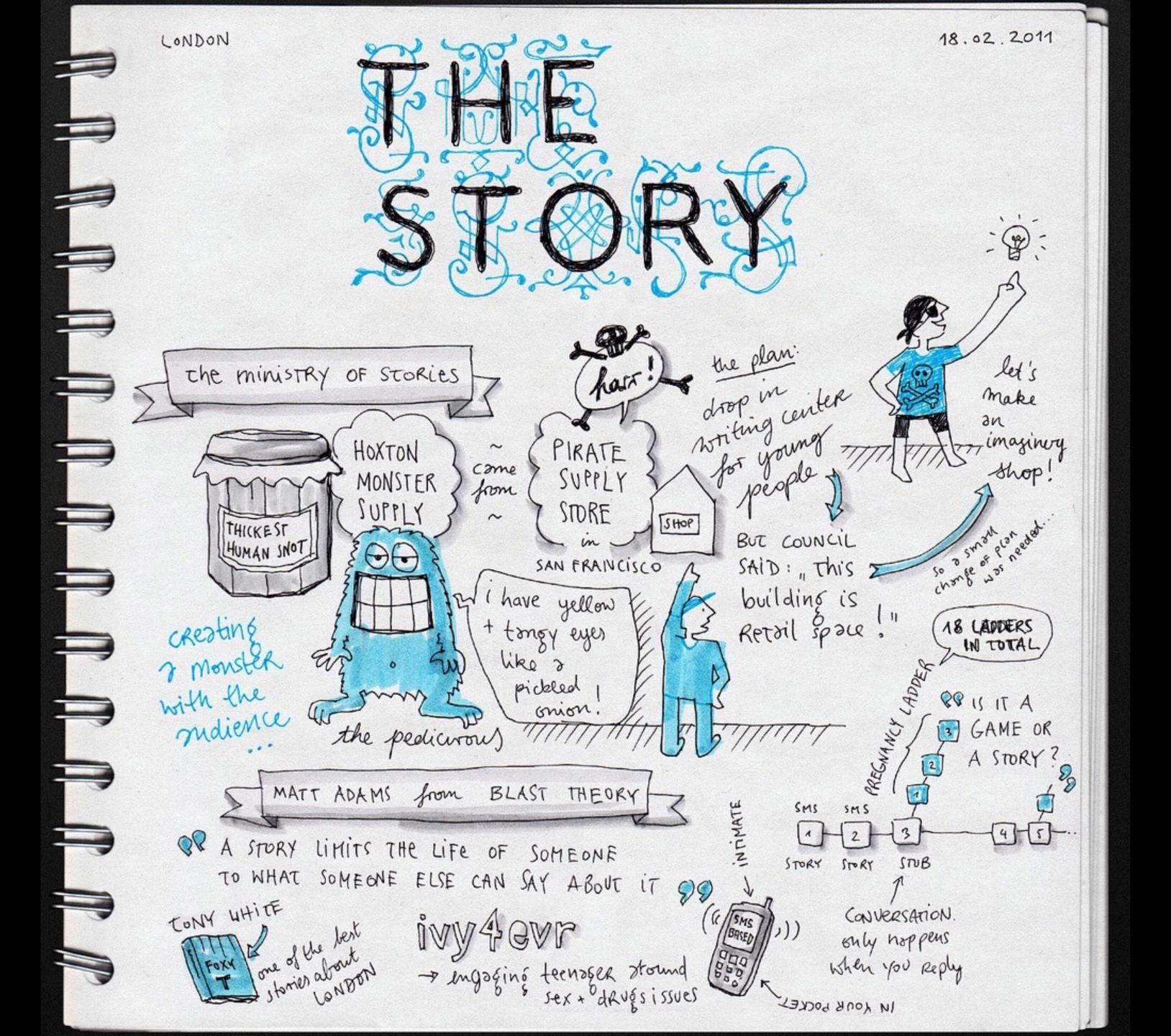
TOBIAS FRERE-JONES

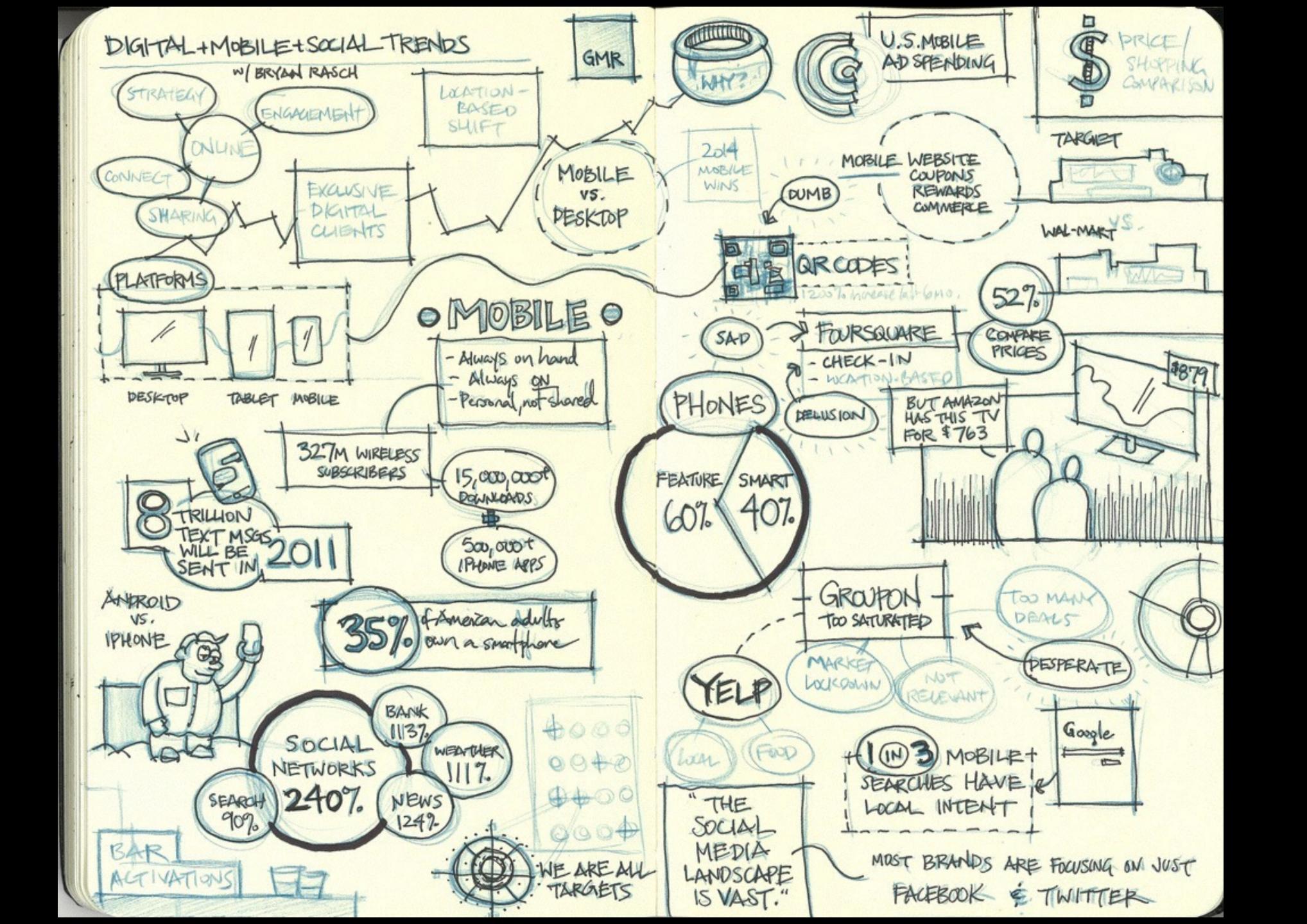
TUNGSTEN Archer

JAMES BRIDGE THE VALUE OF RUINS

STATE WINT RACE:

- CHOOSE 1 WIKI PEDIA TARGET PAGE THAT NEEDS TO BE REACHED
- · GO TO A RANDOM WIKIPEDIA PAGE
- · TRY TO REACH TARGET PAGE THROUGH FOLLOWING LINKS



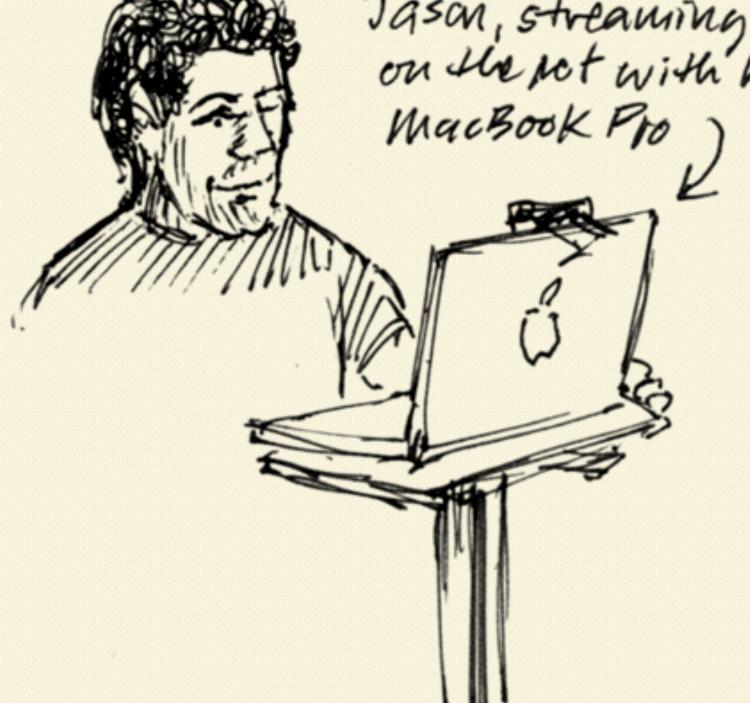






Discovery World, Milwavkee, Wisconsin SPONSORED BY WATC . SEPTEMBER 24,08

Jason, streaming live on the pet with his



Web App

"Im not built to work for, other people, so I had to start my own business."

LETS JUST DO THIS ONE THING.

37 I deas: if you brother's consin's triend can doit go ahoud and do it!" 37 signals.com/manifesto

· SELF FUNDED

o self select clents Building things tox clients is a broken model that's not satistying creatively.



Exercise

Sketchnote your day

SHARE

Homework

- Gather supplies
- Add yourself to the Google Classroom ID#294m83z
- Install and complete tutorial on Sketch
- Visual Quest 1:
 Take a photo of something that represents back to school

PINK = Stuff I learned YELLOW = Questions I Have